DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

GRENADA

2017
- GDP in billions (current US$) 1.1
- GDP per capita (current US$) 10,376
- Agricultural GDP in billions (current US$) 0.1
- Total population (thousands) 108
- Urban population (thousands) 39
- Rural population (thousands) 69

Source: World Bank, UN Population Division

Evolution of GDP, in constant USD 2010

DIMENSIONS OF FSN: AVAILABILITY

The availability of sufficient quantities of food of appropriate quality, supplied through domestic production or imports (including food aid). It is related to food production, productive infrastructure, supplies and supply chains.

Evolution of agricultural GDP in constant USD 2010

Composition (%) of caloric availability

Average: percentage of the total
- Others
- Roots and tubers
- Fruits and vegetables
- Milk and products
- Oils and fats
- Sugars
- Meat
- Cereals

Source: Based on information from FAO
Note: Due to rounding of figures, the total might not add up to 100%

Unemployment rate by gender
Percentage of labor force

Source: World Bank

DIMENSIONS OF FSN: ACCESS

Access by individuals to adequate resources (entitlements) for acquiring appropriate foods for a nutritious diet. Entitlements are defined as the set of all commodity bundles over which a person can establish command given the legal, political, economic and social arrangements of the community in which they live.

Field Supply
Kcal/person/day, average

Source: FAOSTAT

Evolution of agricultural GDP in constant USD 2010

Food Supply

Source: FAO

Evolution of GDP, in constant USD 2010

Source: World Bank

Unemployment rate by gender

Source: World Bank

Poverty and extreme poverty, Percentage (%)

Source: Development Effectiveness Review 2014

Inflation rate all items and food
annual rate (%)

Source: Bank of Jamaica

Poverty

- Nacional 37.7
- Indigencia 2.4
- Gini 0.37

Source: Development Effectiveness Review 2014

Note: Due to rounding of figures, the total might not add up to 100%
DIMENSIONS OF FSN: **UTILIZATION**

Utilization of food through adequate diet, clean water, sanitation and health care to reach a state of nutritional well-being where all physiological needs are met. This brings out the importance of non-food inputs in food security.

**Improved Sanitation Facilities**
- Percentage of population with access:
  - 2000: 94.5%
  - 2007: 93.3%
  - 2015: 79.3%

**Probability of dying between age 30 and exact age 70 from NCD**
- Percentages:
  - 2000: 26.8%
  - 2010: 23.5%
  - 2016: 17.3%

**Improved Water Source**
- Percentage of population with access:
  - 2000: 93.3%
  - 2007: 94.9%
  - 2015: 99.6%

**Obesity in adults over 18 years of age**
- Percentage, 2016:
  - Both sexes: 58.8%
  - Male: 51%
  - Female: 43.7%

Source: WHO

Source: World Bank

Source: FAO

Source: Based on information from EM-DAT

*NCD: cancer, diabetes, cardiovascular or chronic respiratory disease.

DIMENSIONS OF FSN: **STABILITY**

To be food secure, a population, household or individual must have access to adequate food at all times. They should not risk losing access to food as a consequence of sudden shocks (e.g. an economic or climatic crisis) or cyclical events (e.g. seasonal food insecurity). The concept of stability can therefore refer to both the availability and access dimensions of food security.

**Frequency of natural disasters**
- Drought: 1
- Storm: 1
- 1999-2003: 1
- 2004-2006: 1
- 2009-2013: 1

**Value of food imports in total merchandise exports**
- 1999-2003: 26.8
- 2004-2008: 30.6
- 2009-2013: 35.5

Source: FAO

Source: World Bank

Source: WHO

Source: Based on information from EM-DAT

*Percentages and values are approximate.*

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**Obesidad Sobrepeso**
- Both sexes: 6.3%
- Male: 7.3%
- Female: 5.2%

Source: WHO

**Improved Sanitation Facilities**
- Percentage of population with access:
  - 2000: 95%
  - 2015: 80%

**Obesity in adults over 18 years of age**
- Percentage, 2016:
  - Both sexes: 60%
  - Male: 55%
  - Female: 65%

Source: World Bank

Source: FAO

Source: Based on information from EM-DAT

*Percentages and values are approximate.*