DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GDP in billions</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDP per capita</td>
<td>16,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural GDP</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total population</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban population</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural population</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: World Bank, UN Population Division

DIMENSIONS OF FSN: AVAILABILITY

The availability of sufficient quantities of food of appropriate quality, supplied through domestic production or imports (including food aid). It is related to food production, productive infrastructure, supplies and supply chains.

Composition (%) of caloric availability

- Cereals: 29.4%
- Meat: 13.0%
- Sugar and Sweeteners: 9.4%
- Oils and fats: 12.9%
- Milk: 13.7%
- Fruits and vegetables: 10.9%
- Starchy roots: 9.1%
- Others: 1.5%

Source: Based on information from FAO
Note: Due to rounding of figures, the total might not add up to 100%

Evolution of agricultural GDP in constant USD 2010

Source: World Bank

DIMENSIONS OF FSN: ACCESS

Access by individuals to adequate resources (entitlements) for acquiring appropriate foods for a nutritious diet. Entitlements are defined as the set of all commodity bundles over which a person can establish command given the legal, political, economic and social arrangements of the community in which they live.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>National</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Extreme Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gini</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Development Effectiveness Review 2013

Inflation rate all items and food

Source: Bank of Jamaica
**DIMENSIONS OF FSN: UTILIZATION**

Utilization of food through adequate diet, clean water, sanitation and health care to reach a state of nutritional well-being where all physiological needs are met. This brings out the importance of non-food inputs in food security.

**DIMENSIONS OF FSN: STABILITY**

To be food secure, a population, household or individual must have access to adequate food at all times. They should not risk losing access to food as a consequence of sudden shocks (e.g. an economic or climatic crisis) or cyclical events (e.g. seasonal food insecurity). The concept of stability can therefore refer to both the availability and access dimensions of food security.

**Value of food imports in total merchandise exports**

- 1999-01: 20
- 2005-07: 84
- 2011-13: 126

Source: FAO

**Cereal import dependency ratio**

Ratio between net imports and availability of cereals

- 1999-01: 98
- 2002-04: 93
- 2005-07: 88
- 2008-10: 82
- 2011-13: 90

Source: FAO

**Disasters 2014-2019**

- Storm: 1
- Total damage in thousands USD: 1,400
- Total affected: 250,000

Source: EM-DAT

**Frequency of natural disasters**

- Storm: 2014-2018

Source: Based on information from EM-DAT